

The role of intermodal Terminals for greening freight transport

Angelo Aulicino
Interporto Bologna SpA – Consorzio IB Innovation
Business Development Manager













Low-carbon innovation and challenge towards market adoption



Hubs role and Business/Technical Requirements



Hubways – Rationale and strategic expectations



IPBO, from R&D to exploitation to Business environment











environmental sustainability •



The <u>maintenance</u> of the <u>factors</u> and <u>practices</u> that <u>contribute</u> to the <u>quality</u> of <u>environment</u> on a <u>long-term</u> basis.













The commitment to low-carbon innovations is critical to the success of a company's long-term innovation strategy.



Reductions in carbon emissions alone will not make low-carbon innovations successful in the marketplace. The innovations must also bring robust value in terms of total cost reduction, competitive growth, or enhanced performance.



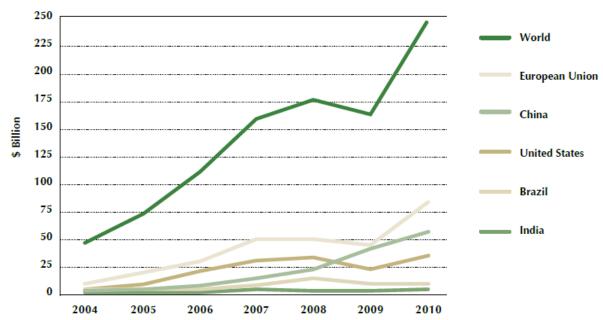




Adoption of Low- Carbon Innovations - Key Drivers for the Stakeholders

- Reduced energy consumption
- Reduced total lifecycle costs
- Environmental performance (carbon footprint)
- Competitive advantages in their markets
- Availability of funding

Global new Investment in Clean Energy Technologies, 2004 - 2010



Source: Bloomberg New Energy Finance (2010)







Low-carbon innovation and challenge towards market adoption



Hubs role and Business/Technical Requirements



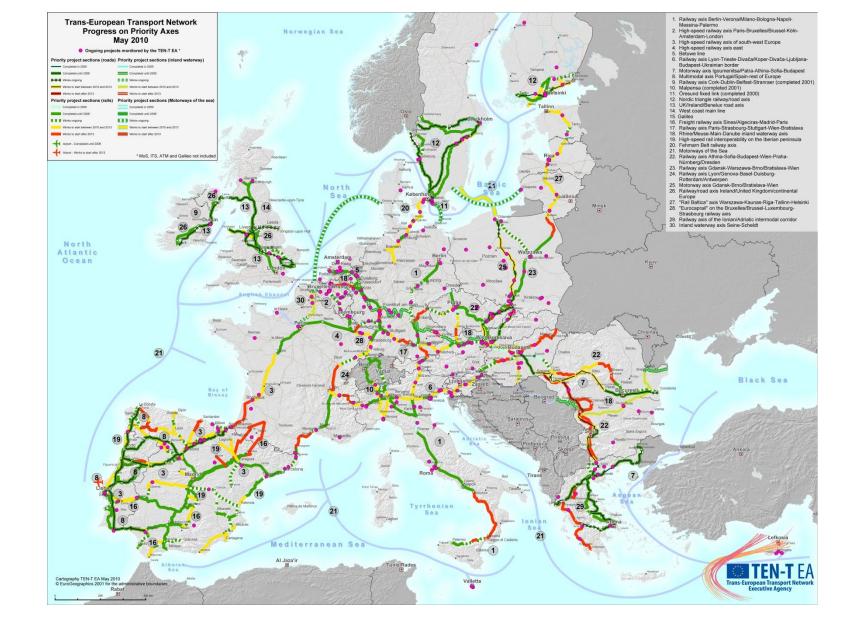
Hubways – Rationale and strategic expectations



IPBO, from R&D to exploitation to Business environment

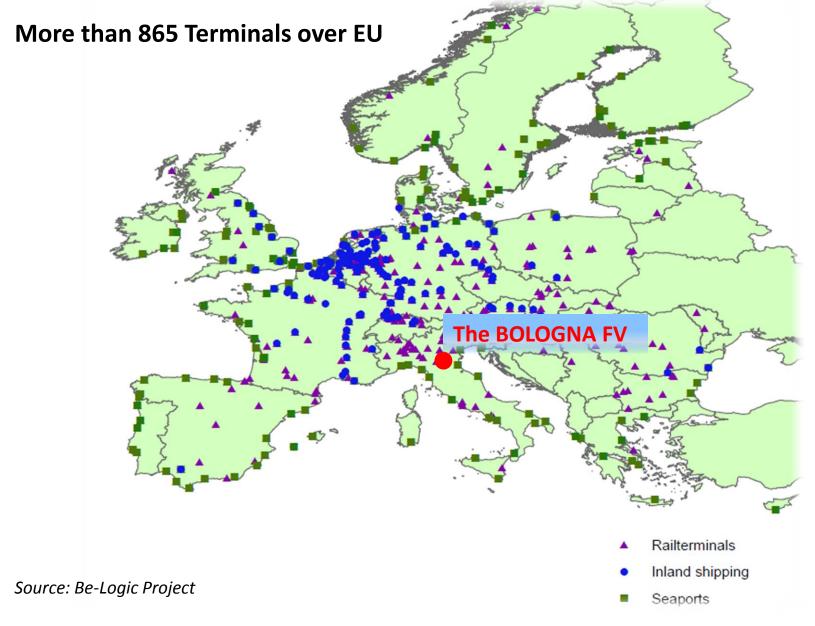
















CURRENT MATTERS IN THE EU FREIGHT TRANSPORT NETWORK

Lack of capacity

Lack of inadequacy of interoperability between modes and loading units.

LAND PLANNING

- mega facilities performing completely different functions.
- Mega HUBS and Extended Terminal Clusters

INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES

- in transport means and equipment;
- in transhipment techniques;
- in load units;
- information technology and telematics systems (inside the terminal).





New trends



Exploiting and integrating ICT

• ICT applications. ICT technologies are a key factor for the improvement of the effectiveness and efficiency of terminal operations. Main issues are standardisation of technologies, harmonisation of information, regulations on security and confidentiality.

Improvement of the co-ordination and collaboration between actors.

- Operational framework for Horizontal Collaboration
- Making the supply chain sustainable with long-term contractual relations
- Increase the utilization of assets with secure volumes and contracts







Low-carbon innovation and challenge towards market adoption



Hubs role and Business/Technical Requirements



Hubways – Rationale and strategic expectations



IPBO, from R&D to exploitation to Business environment





HUBWAYS provides models and capabilities for cooperation and communication between green hubs' stakeholders, plus establishing value added services making co-modal networks attractive to use and, at the same time, contributors to reduction in greenhouse gas emissions and other pollutants.



BMT Group Ltd
Interporto Bologna spa
KOMBICONSULT GmbH
HaCon Ingenieurgesellschaft mbH
INLECOM Ltd
MARLO a.s.
Deutsche GVZ-Gesellschaft mbH
SINTEF
UIRR
Jernhusen AB
Adria kombi d.o.o.
Lindholmen Science Park
PE International
Interferryboats NV





MAIN REASONS BEHIND THE HUBWAYS INITIATIVE

- Creation of efficient hubs or nodes to boost multimodal interconnections
- Integration of terminal networks (co-modal network design, supply chain visibility)
- Improvement of terminals' quality standards exploiting innovative controls and coordination mechanisms
- Enhancement of co-modal transport links and removal of bottlenecks (also at borders)
- Full commitment to low-carbon innovations for a successful long-term strategy of the Companies dealing with freight transport issues (as per the Transport White Paper)



Cooperative Model for Green Hubs enabling low-carbon, resource-efficient and secure transportation services through:

- improved connectivity for hubs in supply chains and trust oriented corridor coordination
- effective cooperation at supply chain and regional level to balance flows.



Ecosystem for electronically connecting multimodal terminal network stakeholders and amplifying their joint capabilities when using the Cooperative Model. The result will be faster communications, shared resources and synchronised actions. The HUBWAYS Ecosystem will implement an architecture allowing real world logistics objects, existing systems, and emerging cloud/internet technologies and applications to co-exist and co-operate at an affordable cost for network stakeholders



Common Value Added Services to be combined with existing services, facilitating end-to-end co-modal, low-CO₂ transport solutions that maximise utilisation of terminal and logistics resources.



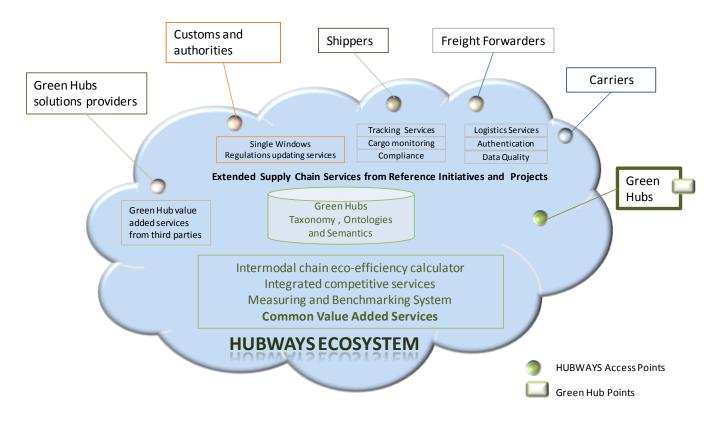
Four HUBWAYS Demonstrators to be used across several representative operating scenarios characteristic of modern intermodal terminals. By allowing the industry stakeholders to drive HUBWAYS, we guarantee that the output solutions will address the real needs of this sector in a cost-effective way.





In the Green Hubs Ecosystem the technological, economic, social and other systems affecting multimodal terminals will be considered. Particularly the TEN-T infrastructure, legislation harmonization, etc will impact Green Hubs. Also the governance system and the global economy which affects terminal operation as higher flows will demand more co-operation and co-ordination to meet demand without increasing congestion and emissions.









Collaboration

The TPS (Transport **Progress** Status) is probably most relevant here, and maybe also the TS.

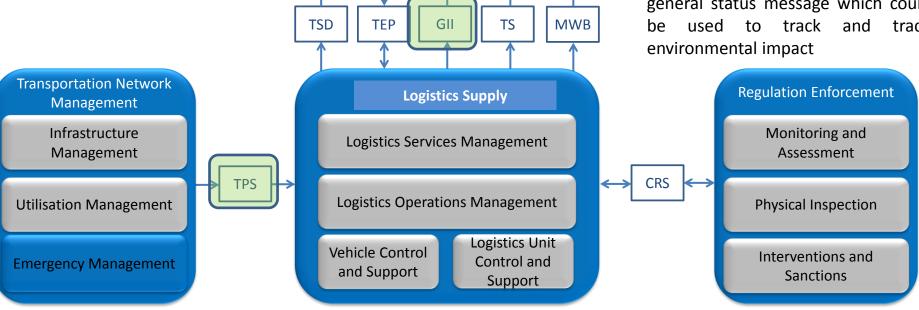
There will also be interactions Logistics Service between Providers (LSPs) which Hubways could define further



Low carbon

GII (Goods Item Itinerary) which contains a report from the Service Provider to the Client about the of the environmental emissions transport/logistics service.

The **TS** (Transportation Status) is a general status message which could used to track and trace



Logistics Demand

Logistics Demand Management





Hubways and further Exploitation







Freight 4 All, aims at tackling the fragmented functioning of transnational multimodal freight transport chains by providing an interoperable and distributed ICT solution. It will facilitate the remote collaboration of the involved parties and joint use of available e-logistics systems, thus strengthening territorial cohesion and providing cost effective and sustainable services. The real life cases and extensive communication program will effectively capitalise results to the wider transport community.













iCargo will build an open affordable information architecture that allows real world objects, existing systems, and new applications to efficiently co-operate, enabling more cost effective and lower-CO2 logistics through improved synchronisation and load factors across all transport modes.













This common learning action is therefore targeting the improvement of management, operation and services of, in particular, intermodal rail-road terminals for unaccompanied intermodal transport units (semitrailers, swap bodies and containers). The project is aiming at a better use of the existing terminal infrastructure. It is neither a research nor study project but addressing the mutual exchange of good practices between terminal managers, and common learning about the improved interaction with other actors in the intermodal transport chain. It can contribute to the standardisation of procedures, reduction of costs and thereby optimize the intermodal transport chain.







The interesting results produced by SUPERGREEN will be presented at the final conference of the project on 11 January in Gothenburg: www.supergreenproject.eu/igo2013.html





The objectives of the SuperGreen project concern supporting the development of sustainable transport networks by fulfilling requirements covering environmental, technical, economic, social and spatial planning aspects. This will be achieved by:

- Benchmarking of Green Corridors
- "Green technologies"
- "Smarter" utilisation of ICT-flows
- **Recommendations for R&D**
- **Policy Implications**









reight Transport Logistics Action Plan on Green Corridors Issues



Low-carbon innovation and challenge towards market adoption



Hubs role and Business/Technical Requirements



Hubways – Rationale and strategic expectations

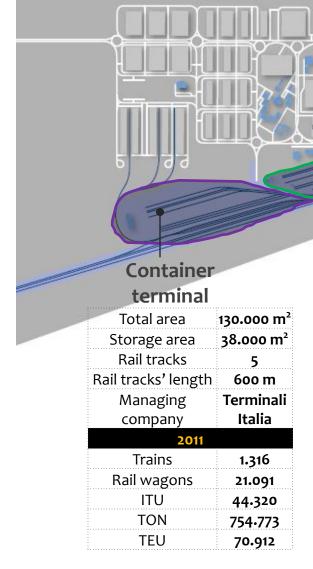


IPBO, from R&D to exploitation to Business environment





Intermodal Facilities



wap bodies	terminal
terminal	
Total area	140 000 m ²

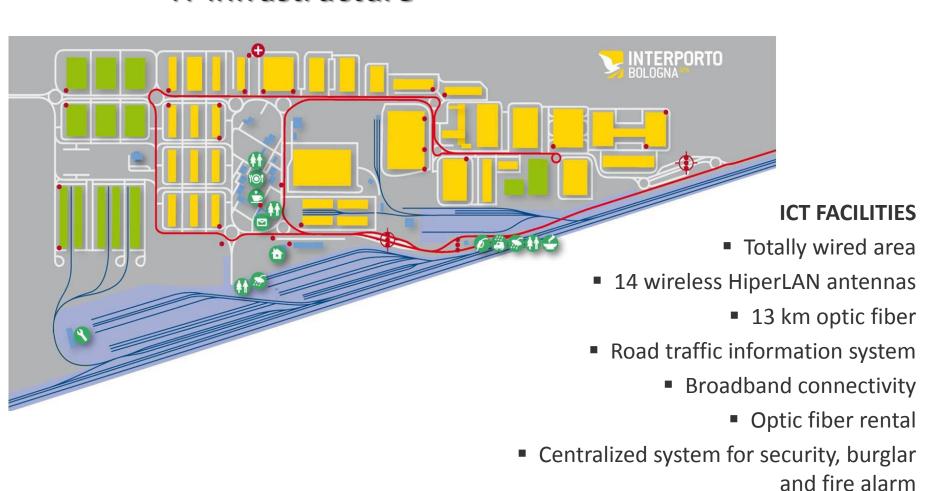
Bulk

Total area	140.000 m²
Storage area	42.000 m ²
Rail tracks	15
Rail tracks' length	550 m
Managing	Terminali
company	Italia
2011	
Trains	3.036
Rail wagons	29.375
ITU	35.273
TON	804.408
TEU	74.073

50.000 m ²	Total area
10.000 m ²	Storage area
3	Rail tracks
460 m	Rail tracks' length
Cogefrin	Managing
	company
	2011
416	Trains
6.657	Rail wagons
9.733	ITU
	TON
185.757	TON
185.757 12.652	TEU

6 Railway companies operating: Trenitalia Cargo, Serfer, HUPAC NORDCARGO, ISC, GTS, OceanoGate

IT infrastructure



01.01.2012 // presentation title // author

Mail and information services, access to

community databases

THE BUSINESS OF INNOVATING: NEEDS & CHALLENGES BRINGING LOW-CARBON SOLUTIONS TO MARKET





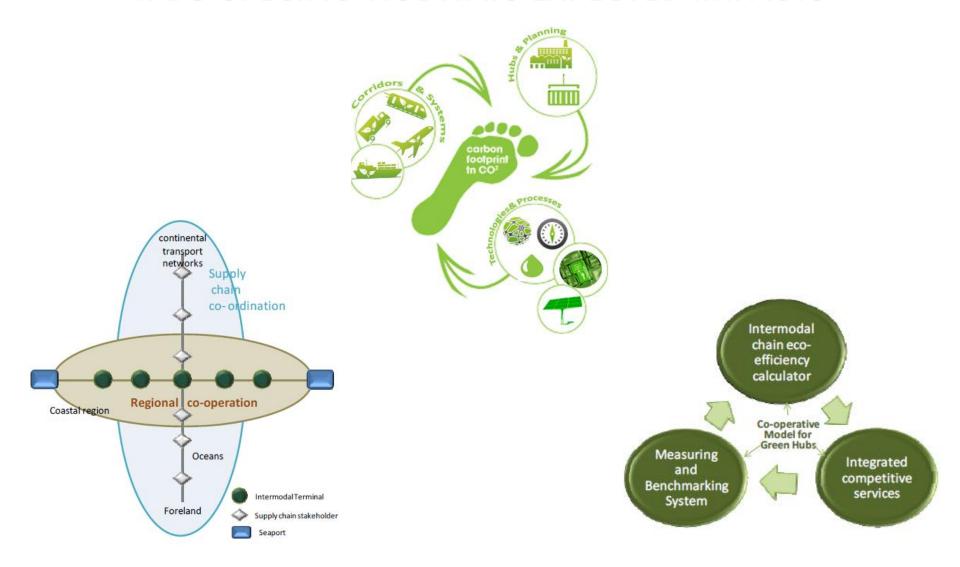
Innovative

Business

Models



IPBO-SPECIFIC HUBWAYS EXPECTED IMPACTS



Increased cooperation

Provision of added value services

IPBO CAPITALIZAZION ON R&D RESULTS

Integration of RTD Results in the IPBO business

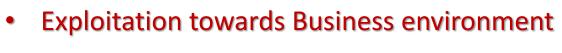


Longer trains along Adriatic Rail Corridor
HUB System and mix Trains
Competition Vs. Cooperation

Improved cooperation among transport actors



From Best Practices to Cooperation in the Port Hinterland Integration





Cooperation Agreement with Port of La Spezia and Customs for a "Free Lane" with Bologna Freight Village



Angelo Aulicino

Business Developer

aulicino@bo.interporto.it







