# Socially Responsible Innovation: Dilemmas and Challenges for Supply Chains

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- Introduction
- History and Evolution of Responsible Innovation
- Definitions
- Problems & RI approach
- Responsible Innovation and the NPD Process
- Summary and Future Research Agenda



- Big challenges need for sustainability and socially responsible business practices
- Climate Change and legislation on product takeback
- Growth of organic and Fairtrade markets
- Corporate Social Responsibility agenda reduce environmental impact, sell ethical products, invest in community projects and natural environment
- People, Planet, Profit



## **History & Evolution of RI**



**Challenge: How do we become Responsible Innovators** 

within a highly dynamic & changing context?



## Examples – Problem & RI Approach

- P: How do we raise awareness about Cancer Research?
- RI: development of a new product line for Marks & Spencer
- P: Pharma sector how to source ethically?
- RI: development of an independent centre
- P: How do we reward workers in Africa?
- RI: Fare Trade shared value (Michael Porter)
- P: How do we prevent potential nuclear power supply disaster?
- RI: Close existing plants and develop new solutions (Germany & Japan)



## What is Responsible Innovation?

- ...can be characterized as the balancing of efforts to maximize the technology's positive contributions and minimize its negative consequences. (..)
- ... implies a commitment to develop and use technology to help meet the most pressing human and societal needs, while making every reasonable effort to anticipate and mitigate adverse implications or unintended consequences.
- ...is often not only about innovation, but about development of Science and Technology for the well being of Society

National Research Council (2006), A Matter of Size. Triennial Review of the National Nanotechnology Initiative, p. 73 Contribution to the Franco-British workshop on responsible innovation, From concepts to practice, London, 23-24 May 2011



## What Is Responsible Innovation?

- EC view: "from science in society to science for society, with society" (Laroche, 2011)
- "The best science for the world rather than the best science in the world" (Owen et al, 2012)
- "Responsible Research and Innovation is a transparent, interactive process by which societal actors and innovators become mutually responsive to each other with a view to the (ethical) acceptability, sustainability and societal desirability of the innovation process and its marketable products (in order to allow a proper embedding of scientific and technological advances in our society"



### RI - encomasses

- policy and societal discourse;
- > institutions and arrangements;
- ongoing/evolving practices (of scientists, industrialists, also civil society actors)
- changing the lens
- Shared Values
- financial instruments, ICT, public policy or community innovations, Logistics, distribution, service or system innovations

▶ .....?????

Future: develop principles & 'triggers' & approaches for implementation



## **Google - Contact Lens Development**



In January 2014 Google said it was working on a contact lens containing a tiny wireless chip and sensors that would measure and transmit the glucose levels in a diabetic patient's tears. In December Apple was granted an American patent on a means to incorporate a heartbeat sensor into its devices.



## Agony of Rabbits in Chinese Farm- is this RI?



Harvesting fur to make angora sweaters can involve plucking rabbit's hair





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The Sunday Times, UK, 15<sup>th</sup> Dec 2013

# Working gun made with 3D printer



### How can RI address this issue?



### Drones used in war: is this RI?





### Amazon tests Drones (Dec 2013)



http://www.thestar.com/business/2013/12/02/amazon\_testing \_\_drones\_for\_package\_delivery\_jeff\_bezos\_says.html



#### Is it possible to engineer RI in the NPD Process?

Using typical Stage Gate Process





## **Discovery Stage**

- Identifying and generating new product ideas
- Engage wide range of stakeholders
- Surveys, focus groups, crowdsourcing, Web 2.0, social media
- P&G connect and develop programme (sourcing more than 50% of innovations from outside P&G), Innocentive and NineSigma websites
- Frame good problems focused on social responsibility to gather ideas
- Users generate better (although sometimes less feasible) solutions (Poetz and Shreier, 2012)



- Assessment of technical merits of product and potential market
- Include an ethical, societal and environmental assessment of product for RI
- Identify risks and potential unintended consequences and mitigate



## **Build the Business Case Stage**

- Feasibility ensure product has a good product definition, a strong justification and plan for delivery – focus typically on technical, marketing and financial feasibility
- Extend to include ethical and environmental feasibility of product and manufacturing and consumption processes
- In desire to increase profits, socially irresponsible behaviours child labour, exploiting employees, putting consumers at risk, poisoning environment, violating regulatory laws etc
- Product Service System approaches (Baines et al, 2007) DuPont – selling floor coverings to total servicing – installation, maintenance, takeback, recycling
- Collaborative consumption new technology enables peer communities to share, barter, lend, trade, rent and swap products to enable sustainable and responsible consumption patterns



- Actual design and development of the product
- Source raw materials appropriately created in safe facilities by well-treated workers, paid suitable wages and working legal hours (pharma sector concerned)
- IKEA in Eastern Europe prison workers, Apple in China child labour. Primark production workers in an unsafe factory building in Bangladesh
- Suppliers need to respect environment, use materials from sustainable sources and implement effective pollution and emissions measures and controls
- Whole supply chain important not straightforward though!



**Testing and Validation Stage** 

- Entire project is examined product, manufacture, customer acceptance, economics of project
- Does product live up to claims being made? Is it reliable? Maintainable? Safe? Not violating patent etc laws? No animal testing?
- Have environmental and ethical standards been met? Monitor and improve waste reduction, recycling and reuse options – life cycle analyses (LCA)
- Mattel lead paint in toys



- Full commercialisation of product production and commercial launch of product
- Demand for brands to do well whilst doing good buy from organisations supporting good causes
- Fashion Marks and Spencer, Uniqlo, H&M customers can recycle and donate clothes to charity – environmental and poverty agenda
- Inform customer eco-labelling e.g. Fairtrade lable, Forest Stewardship Council, Marine Stewardship Council, EU Eco Label
- But biggest opportunities lie in earlier stages of process!



### Impact and Influence by Stage of NPD Process





- Literature Review and reflect on lessons from Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)
- Empirical work RI readiness
- Develop a Framework NPD RI maturity assessment
- Develop performance metrics for RI
- Implementation of Framework and develop new tools



## Summary

- Extend RI beyond universities and high technology R&D to all industries
- Opportunities for improvement at all stages of NPD process
- Extend CSR into NPD process
- Techniques not new but use in integrated and systematic way in NPD process will be!
- Develop Responsible Innovation Special Interest Group to consider People-Planet-Profit perspectives
- Lot of more work to do yet!

