

Dortmund 2014-11-07



RFID in Rail

Lennart Andersson
Project manager



TRAFIKVERKET

Swedish Transport Administration



TRAFIKVERKET - Swedish Transport Administration

- Is the biggest owner of infrastructure
 - railways
 - roads
- A network of RFID detectors
 - railways

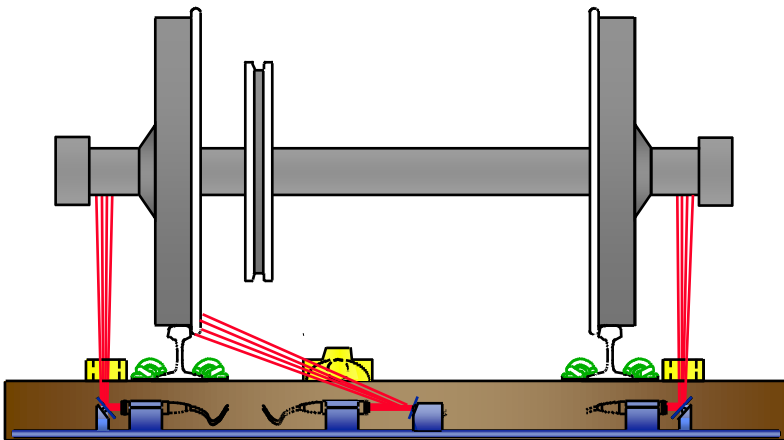
Swedish Transport Administration – On the right track with RFID

- Maintenance

- Combine measuring values from Wayside Train Monitoring System (WTMS) with correct vehicle (locomotives and wagons).

- Logistics

- track and trace vehicles (locomotives and wagons).

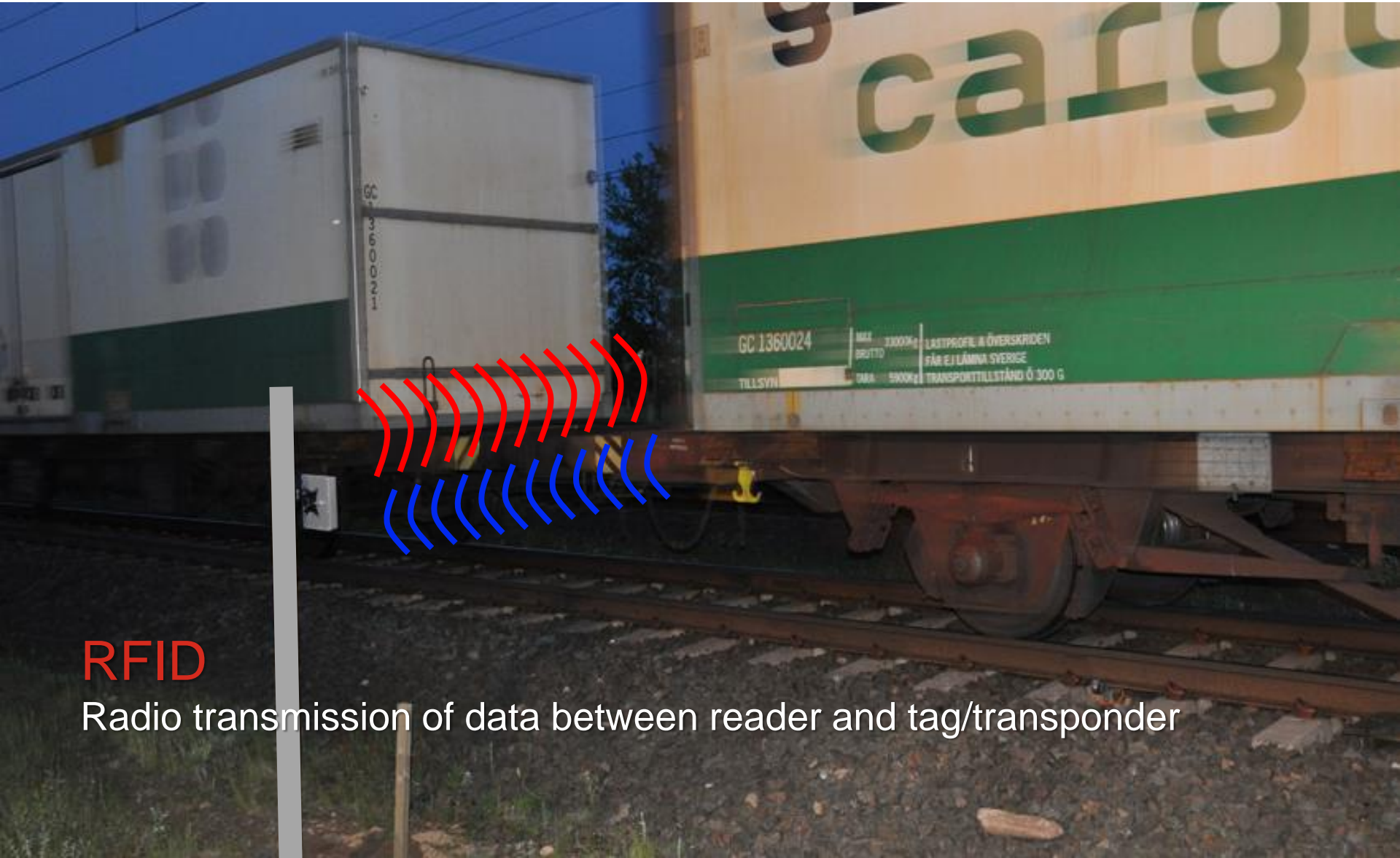


Hot Box/Hot Wheel detection



RFID reader

RFID



RFID

Radio transmission of data between reader and tag/transponder

RFID detector



RFID reader/antenna
app. 3 m from nearest rail

- detect vehicles/wagons without transponders/tags
- direction
- distance between axles
- speed

Axle/Wheel sensors

60-70% of all wagons in Sweden,
from other European countries

Need:

- European standard for RFID system
- Standard for information exchange



Standards

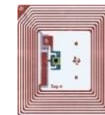


Started 1977
Changed name 2006



International Organization

- ✓ **Open standards and solution**
- ✓ **Member demands**
- ✓ **Neutrally**
- ✓ **Non profit organization**
- ✓ **1,3 million customers**
- ✓ **Offices in 108 countries and active in 145 countries**
- ✓ **Board members from global companies**
- ✓ **ISO certified**



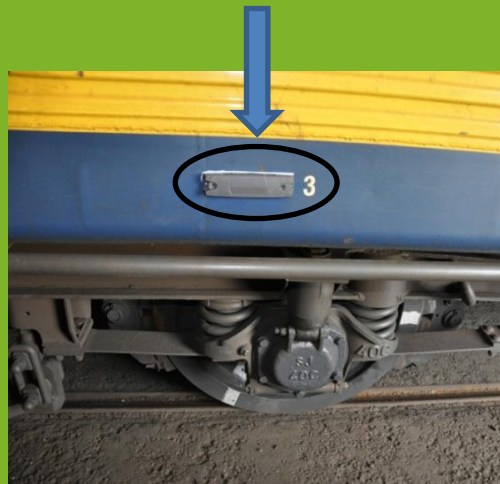
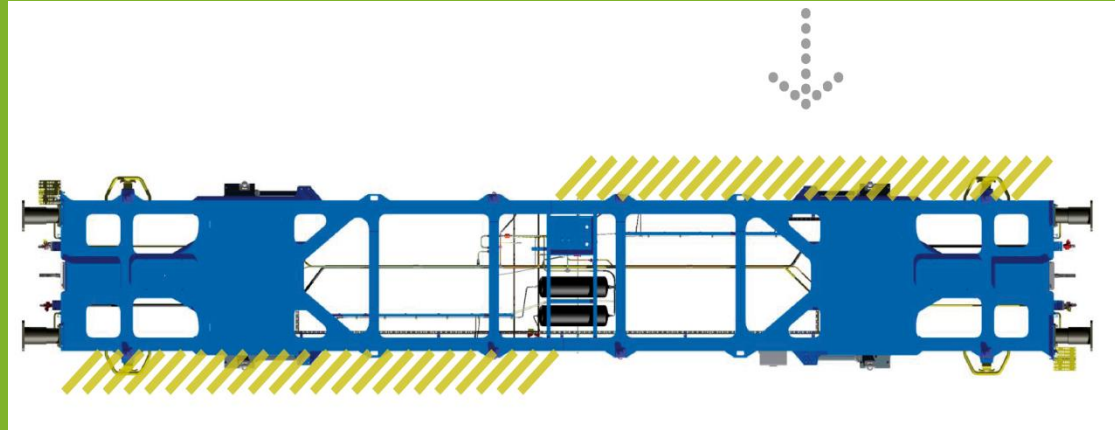
- Air interface – ISO
 - ISO 18000-6 C/UHF gen 2
- Tag standard – GS1
 - EPC – GIAI96
- Information exchange – GS1
 - EPCIS – What, Where, When and Why

EPC = Electronic Product Code

EPCIS = Electronic Product Code Information System

Tag position

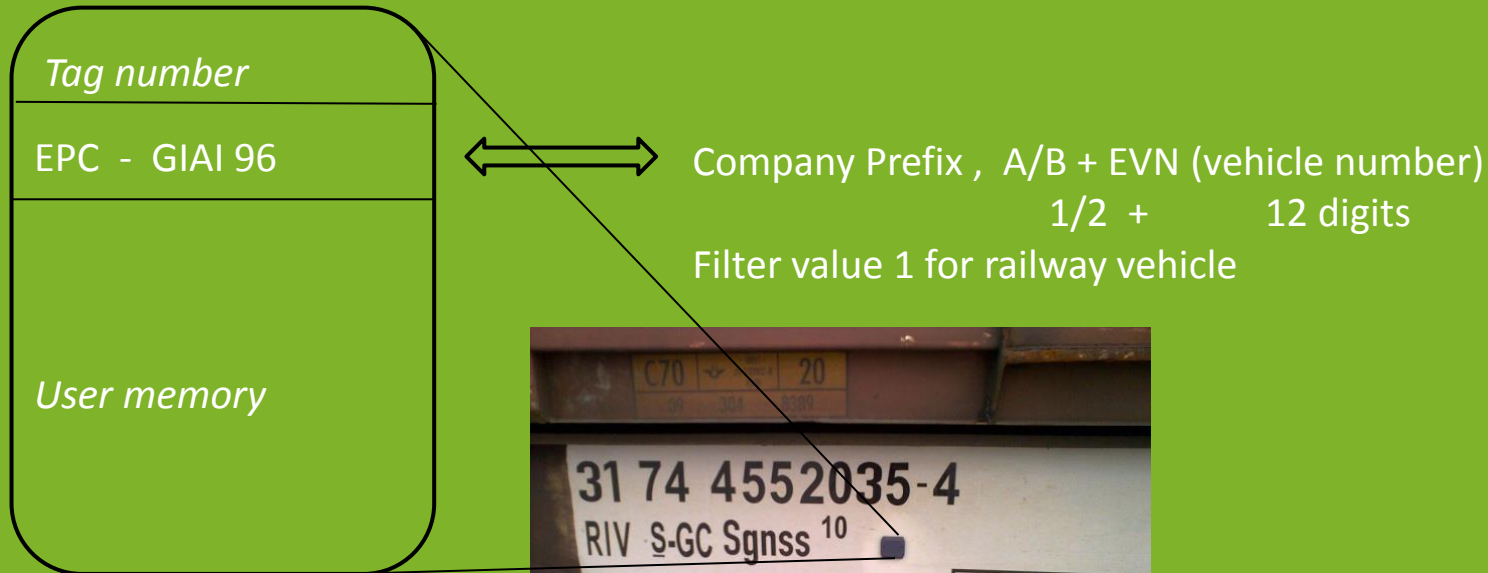
- Two tags per wagon
- Left mounted
- Height 0.5-1.1m



Tag structure

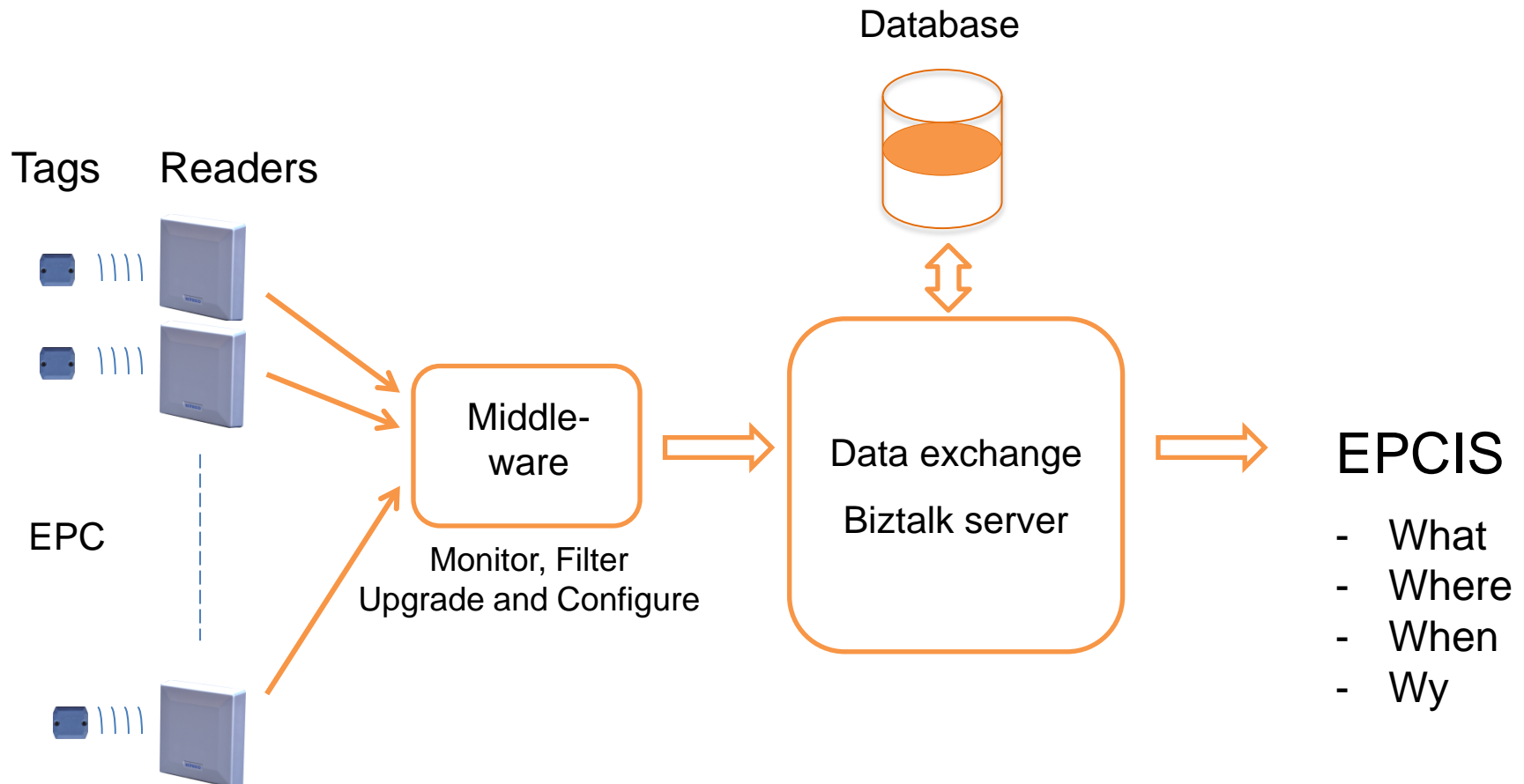


Transponder/tag

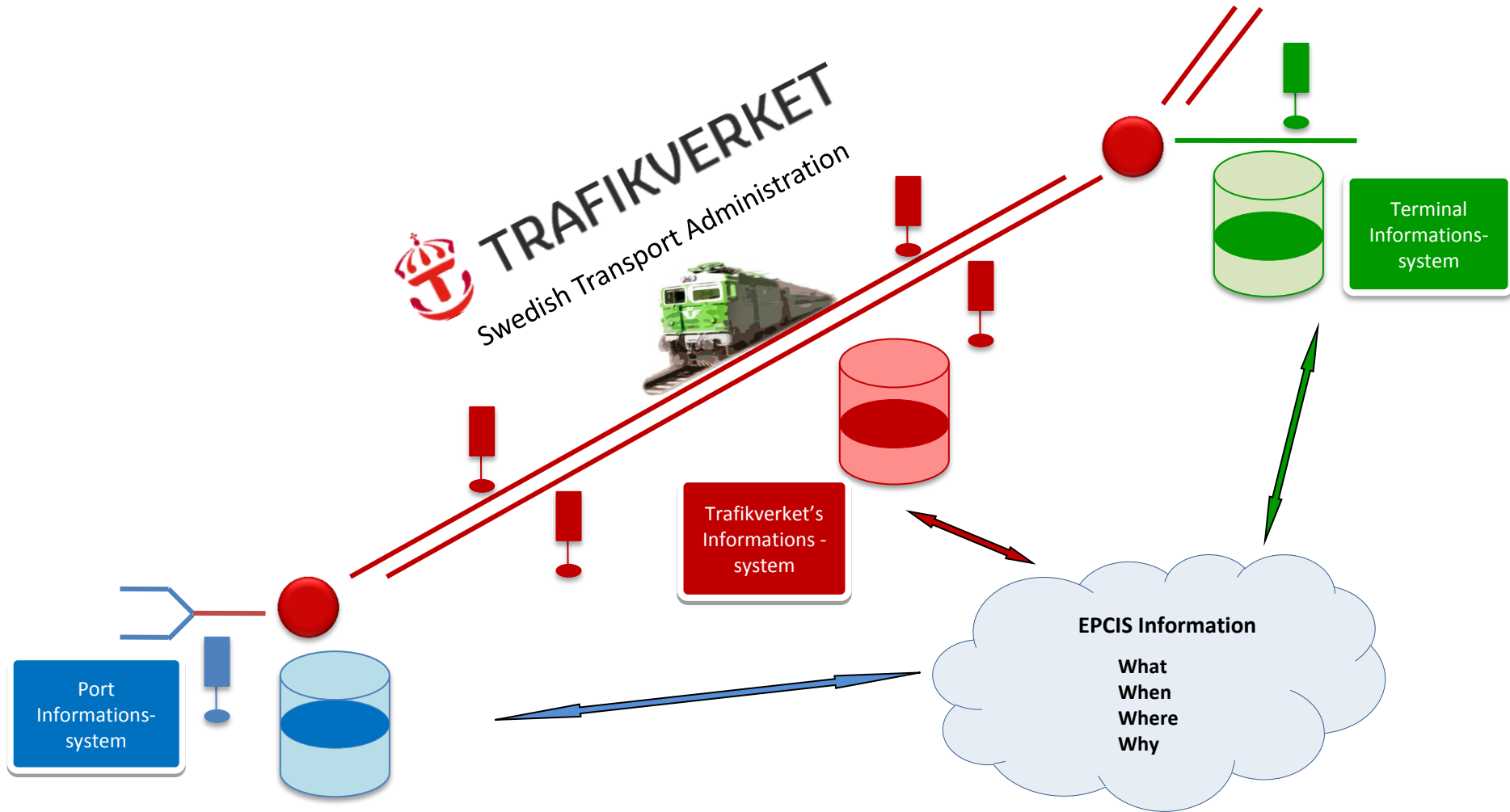


EPC = Electronic Product Code

RFID IT-system



EPCIS – Information Exchange



Benefits



- Owner of the infrastructure
- Railway companies
- Customers of cargo transports
- End customers and private persons



Benefits



- Proactive vehicle maintenance
- Less traffic disruption
- Track and trace vehicles
- Correct train composition
- More effective shunting of freight wagons
- Better use of resources
- Lower freight costs
- Reduced environmental impact, CO2



RFID in Europe



- InnoTrans in Berlin 2010 and 2012
- RFID in Rail meeting in
 - Stockholm, February 2011
 - London, October 2011
 - Nuremburg; September 2013
- EPCIS in Rail
 - Oslo, February 2014
 - London, November 2014
- Sweden, Finland, Norway, France, UK, Austria, Switzerland, Germany, Netherlands, Czech republic, Russia, Slovakia, Spain, Denmark



"European Guideline for the Identification of Railway Assets using GS1 Standards"

- **Guideline for vehicle identification**
- **Guideline for MRO identification**
(maintenance, repair and overhaul)
- *Guideline for EPCIS in Rail*



RFID in Sweden



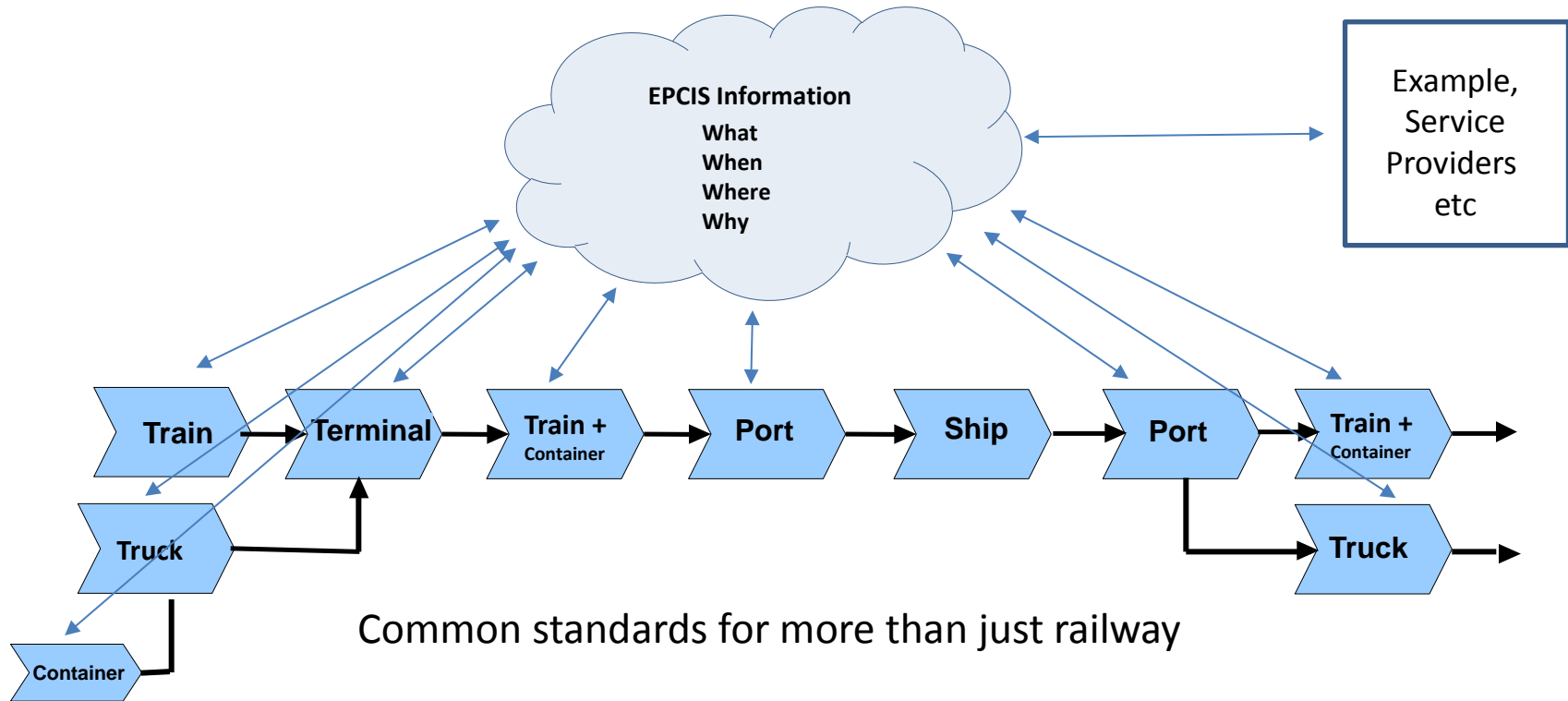
Deployment in Sweden

180 RFID detectors
end of 2014

approx. 4000
tagged vehicle



RFID –intermodal transport chains

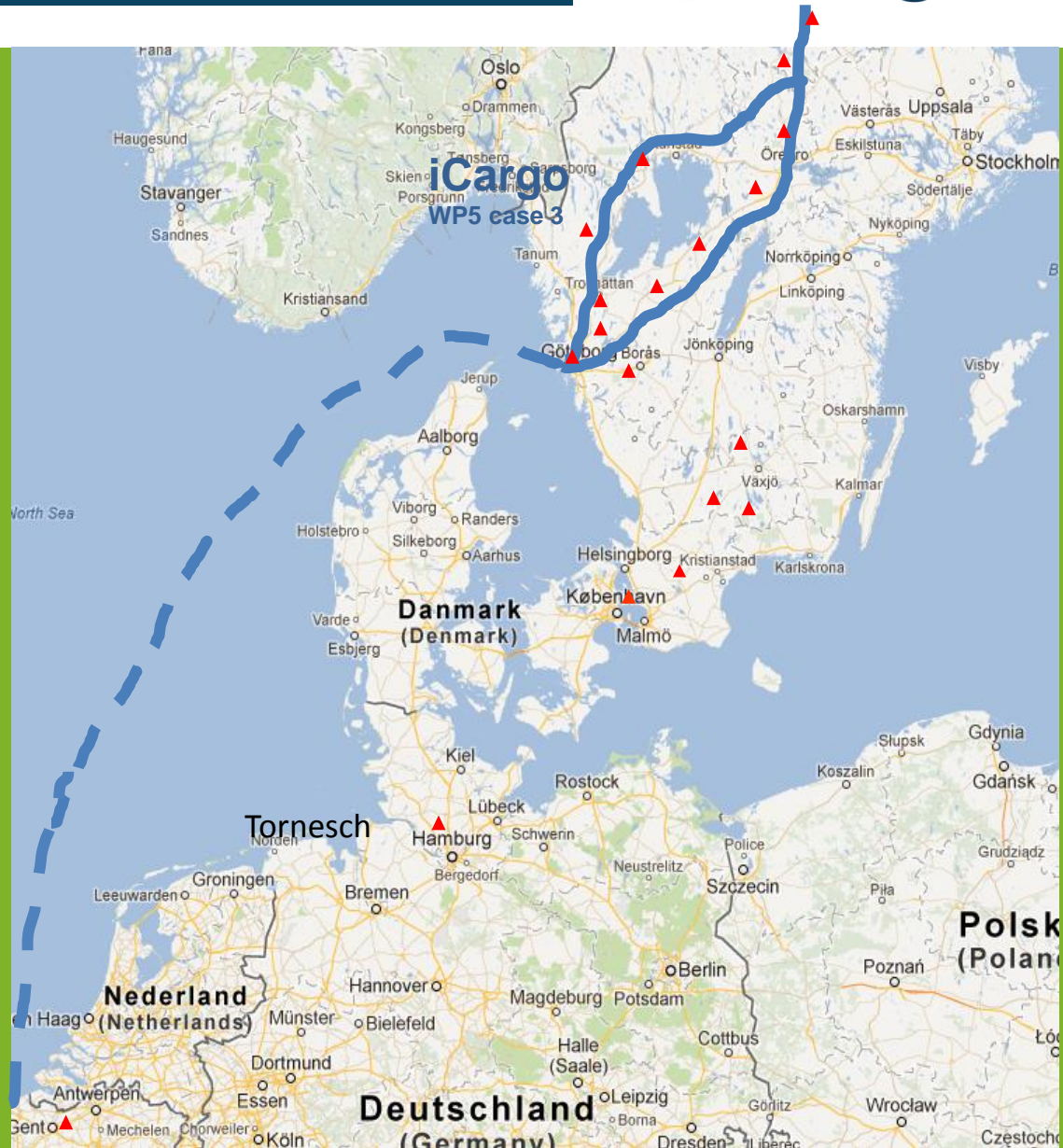


RFID – iCargo, pilot case



Green Corridors
between Sweden and
the European Continent
Intermodal transport with
RFID tagged wagons and
sea transport to Zeebrugge

▲ RFID detector



RFID – D-Rail, test scenarios



Rail transports
between Sweden and
the European Continent

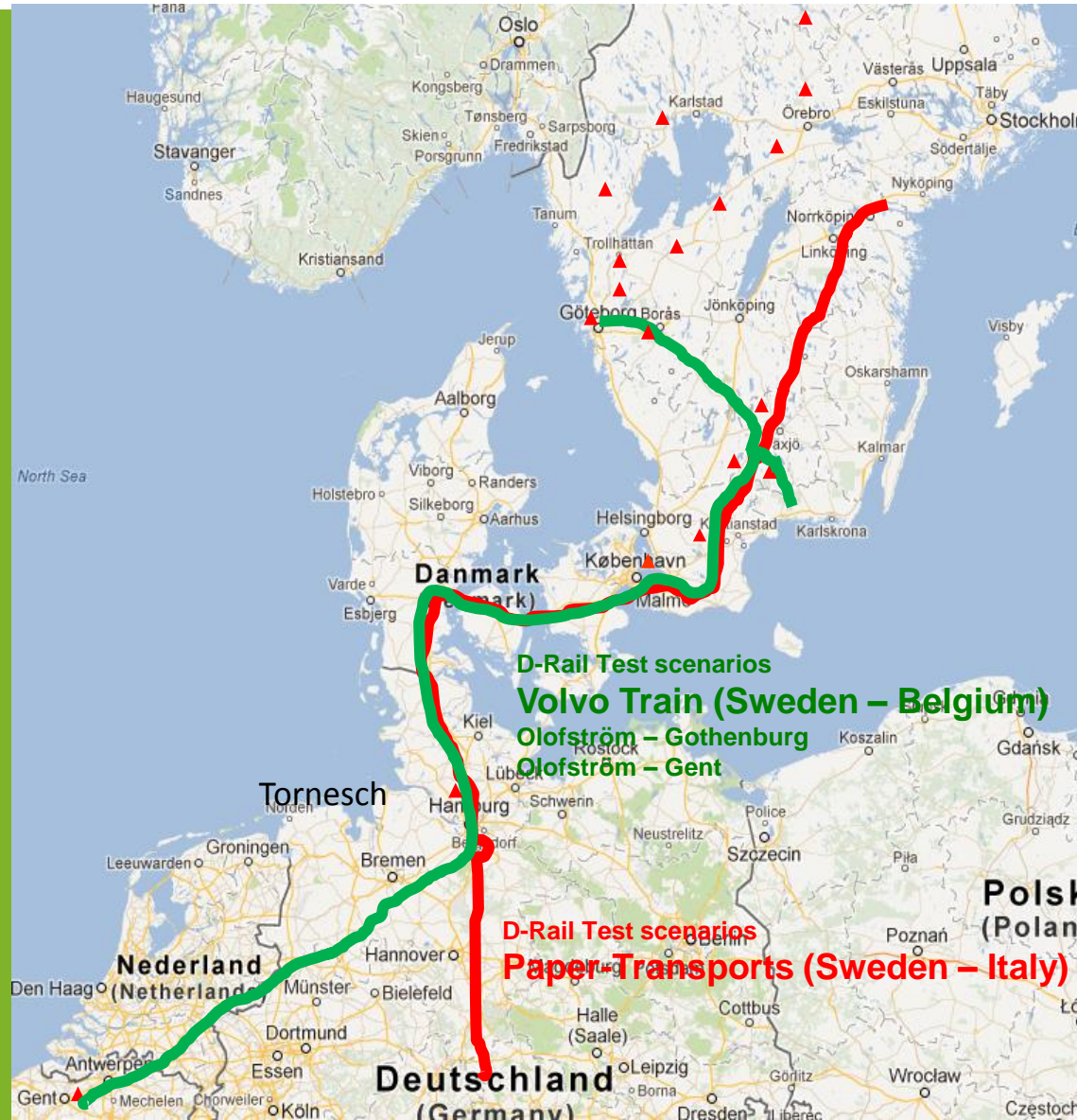
Volvo train,

- 240 container wagons

Paper transports

- to be establish

▲ RFID detector

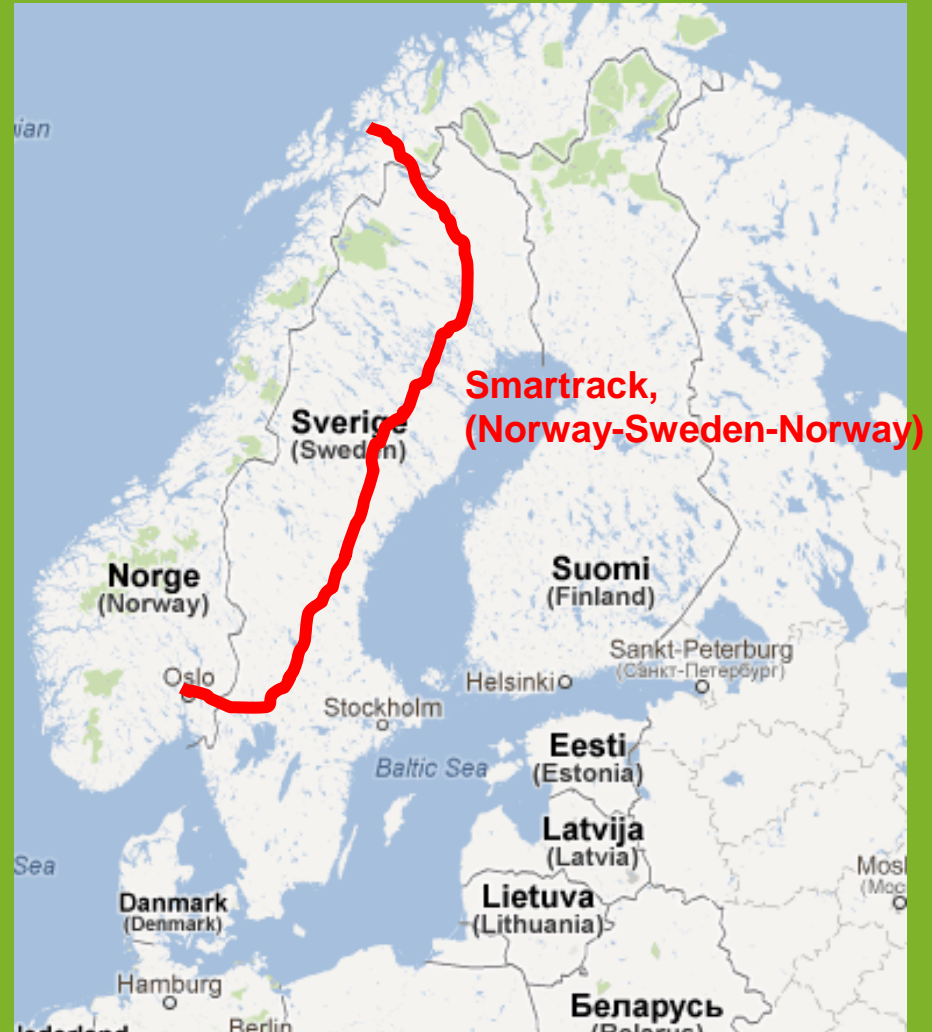


RFID –intermodal transport chains



Smartrack –
Norwegian pilot

Intermodal transport with
RFID tagged
containers and wagons



- Common European RFID standards
- Track and trace
- Logistics
- Maintenance

RFID in Rail - iCargo



Thank you!

Lennart Andersson

lennart.c.andersson@trafikverket.se